

# WETLAND MAPS



ETCHED AREAS DESIGNATED AS "TIMBER"



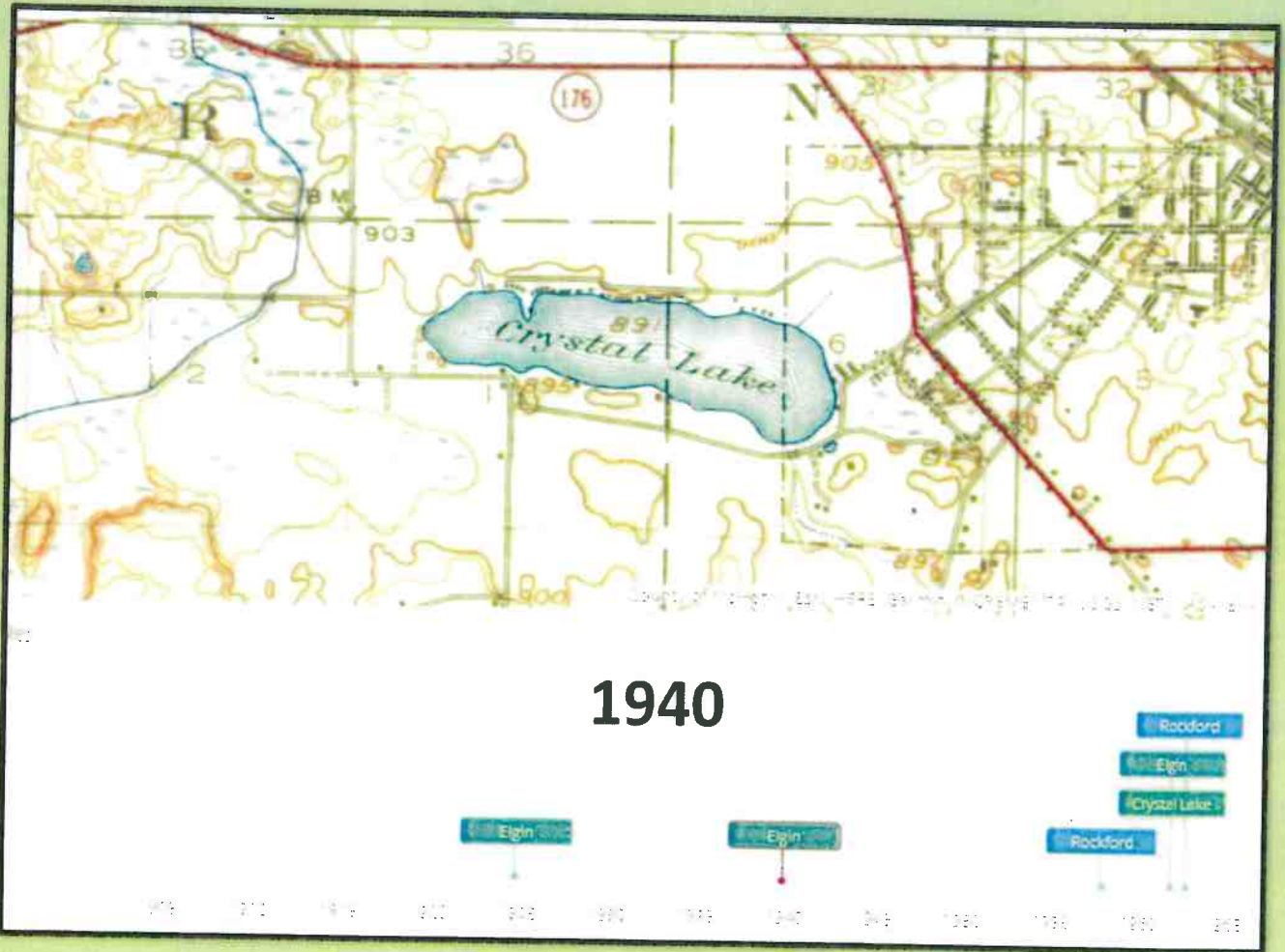
URBAN/RES DEVELOPMENT AREAS SHOW IN HATCHED GREEN  
(CLDD BUILT ABOUT 6 YEARS EARLIER, THE DAM/WIER ABOUT 8 YEARS EARLIER)

**1923**

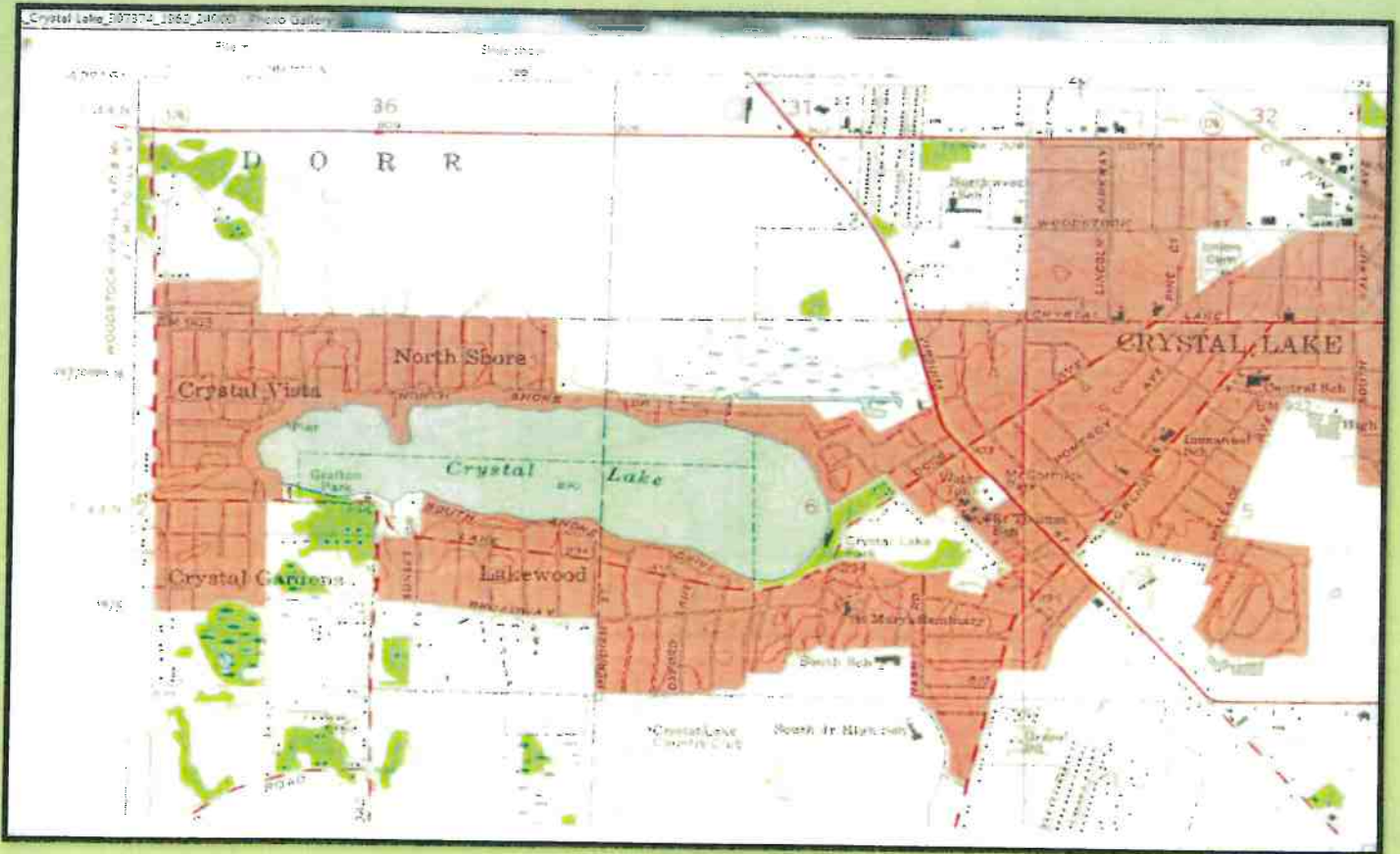




1925

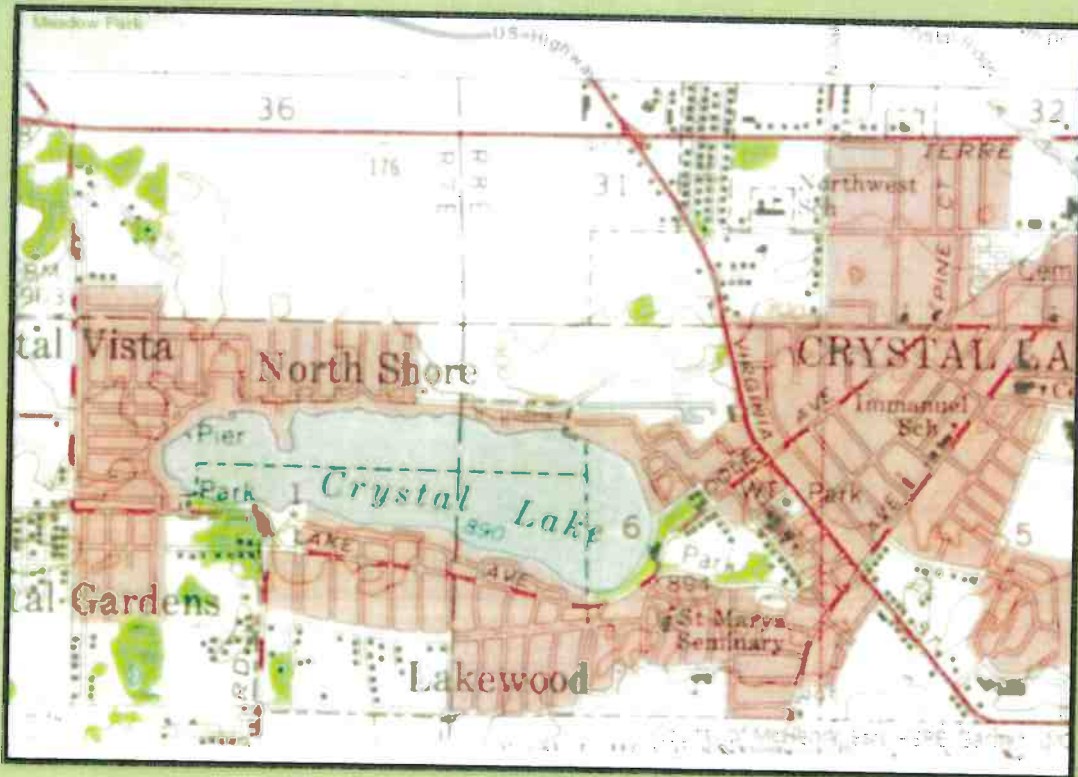


1940

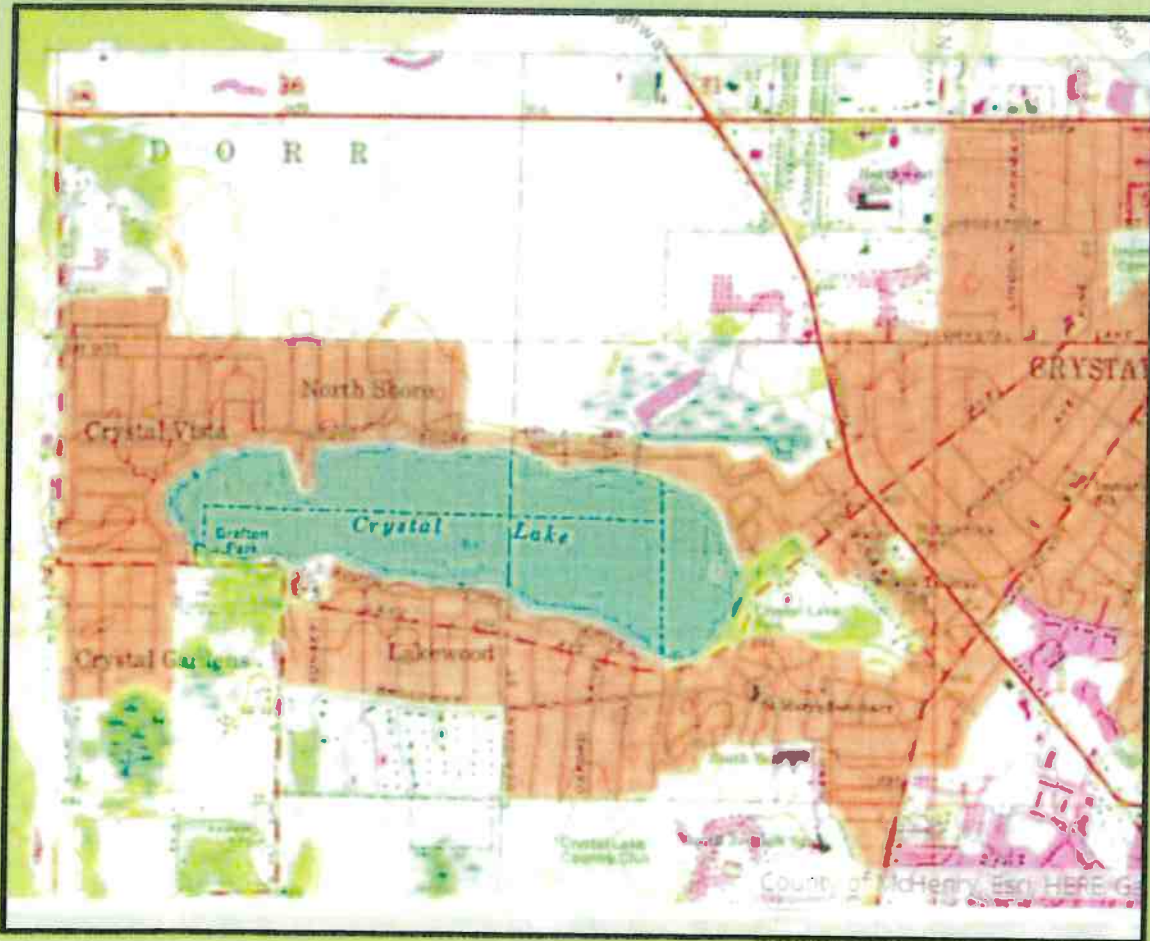


1962



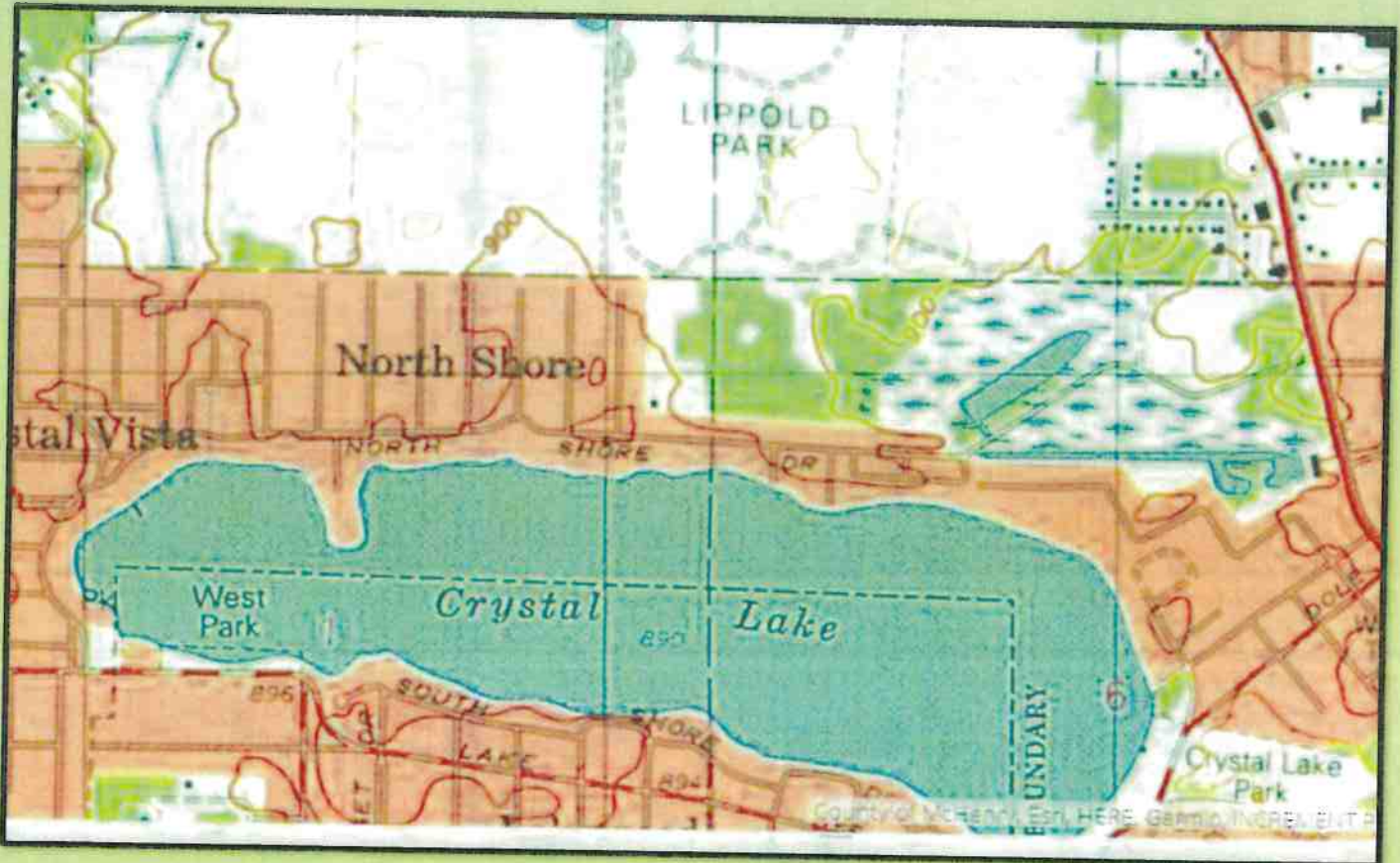


1972



1980

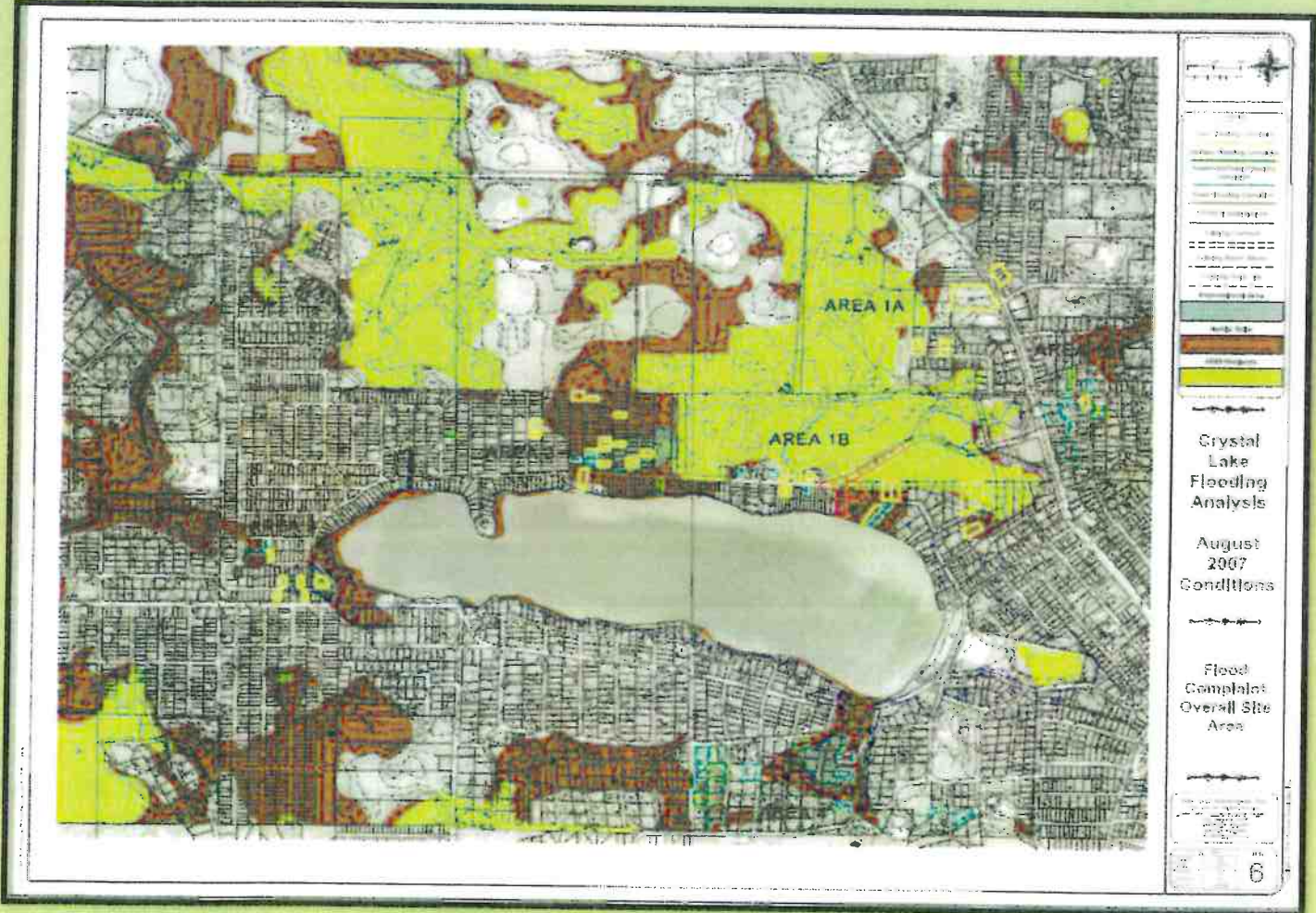




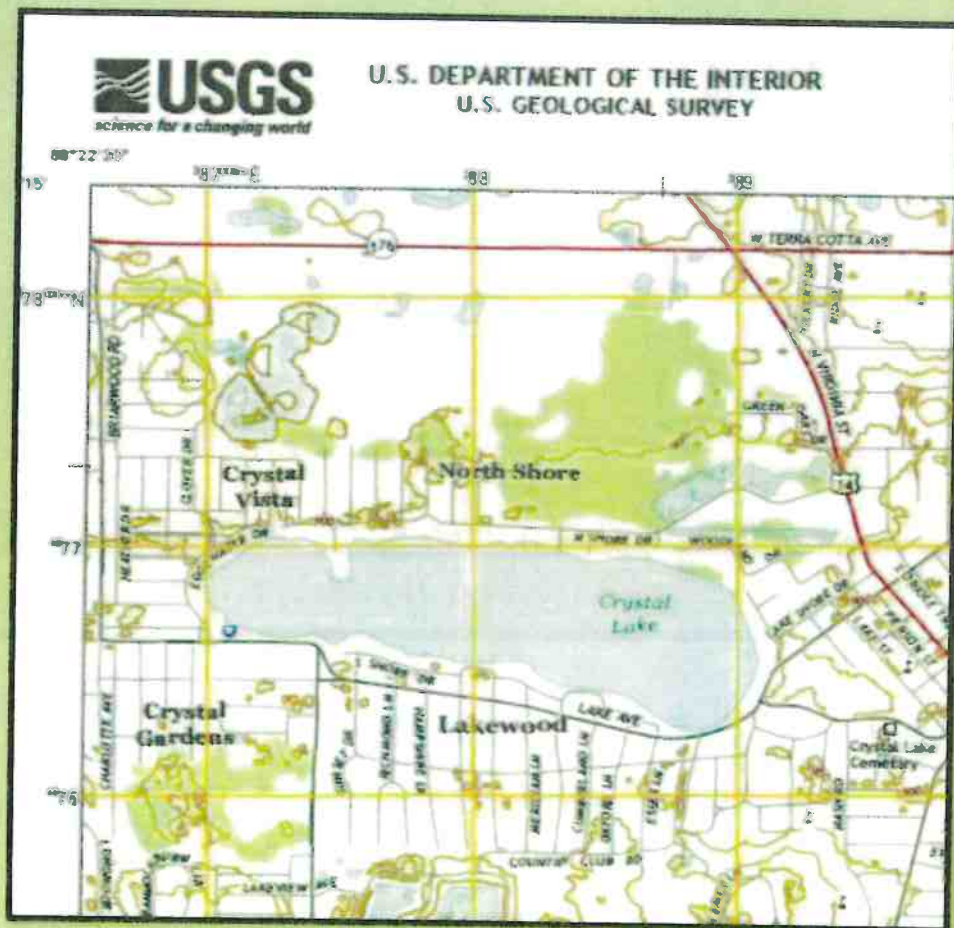
1992

WETLAND AREAS SHOWN IN GREEN

2007







2015



# 2015 Aerial





### WETLAND SUMMARY

WETLAND EVOLUTION WAS LARGELY  
UNCHANGED UNTIL 1992 MAPS

SINCE THAT TIME THE EXPANSION HAS  
CONTINUED TO INCREASE

THE INCREASE OF ACRES OF WETLAND  
NORTH OF LAKE IS ESTIMATED AT 7-10 FOLD  
INCREASE IN ACRES OF WETLAND



### PARTIAL SUMMARY

1917 CLDD PROVIDED A 1300 ACRE SPONGE 5 FEET  
DEEP NORTH OF LAKE

AGE, DAMAGE, AND LAKE PROTECTION EFFORTS  
RESULTED IN LOSS OF CLDD IN SOME AREAS IN THE  
SOUTHERN PORTION

RAIN AND LAKE LEVELS HIGH SINCE 1965, WORST IN  
65-85 AND 07-17

RESIDENT FLOODING COMPLAINTS STARTED  
AROUND 1990 AND CONITNUE TODAY

WETLAND EXPANSION STARTED 1992 AND IS NOW  
AT 7-10 FOLD INCREASED FROM PRIOR 70 YEARS

# THE AERIAL MAPS



1939







Drain Tile Systems Used Widely for Farming  
North of CL with the 1917 Drainage District Tile System

1958







1978



1988



DRAIN TILES AT LIPPOLD 1988

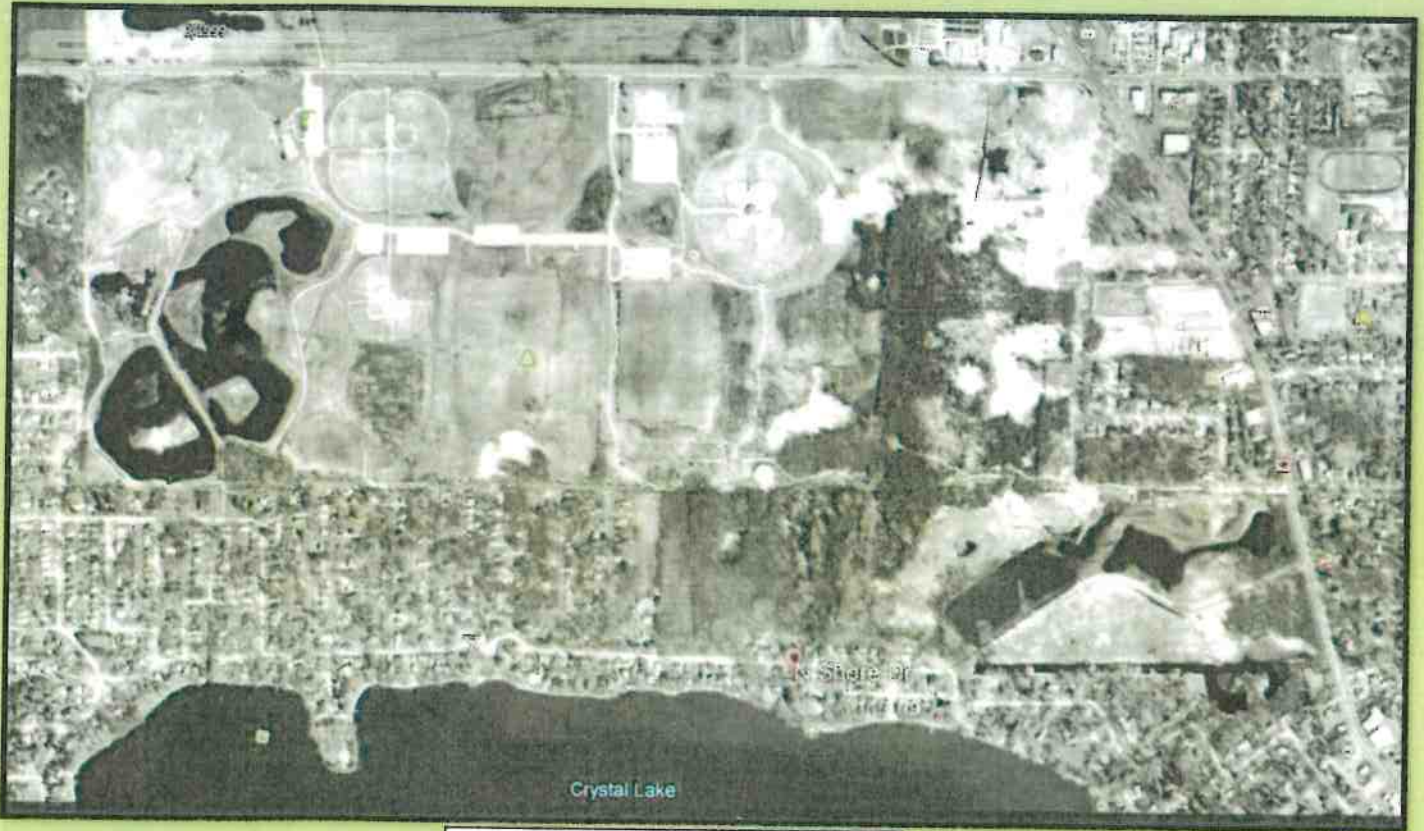


1993





1999



1999 ZOOM IN





2008

2010







2018

## AERIAL MAPS SUMMARY

FARMLAND AND WETLANDS ARE READILY  
VISIBLE

IMPACT OF DRAIN TILES IS VISIBLE

NEW WETLANDS AND RETURN OF PRIOR  
WETLANDS IS VISIBLE

1988 MARKS VISIBLE ALTERATIONS TO THE  
WETLAND/FARMLANDS IN LARGE AREAS  
UPSTREAM TO HIGH RISK AREAS



HISTORIC

ATHENA-GIS

FEMA CURRENT

FLOOD PLAIN CHANGES OVER TIME  
BFE 982.6 HISTORIC  
BFE 893.0 CURRENT



HEY ASSOC HAD SOME IDEAS  
AFTER THE 2007 FLOOD FOR  
AREAS NORTH OF THE LAKE  
(AREAS 1 AND 2)

Table 5 Alternative Comparison -- Area 1

Area	Problems Addressed				Lots Served	Cost	Ecological Effects	Other Impacts
	High Groundwater	Moderate Drainage Deficiency	Minor Drainage Deficiency	Floodplain/Floodway Reduction				
<b>Area 5A</b>								
1. New line of pipe through Wayne					10	\$52,000		
2. Repair existing field tile through Wayne property					4	\$28,000		
3. New storm sewer through Wayne property					10	\$110,000		
4. New overland drainage swale through Wayne property					10	\$75,000		
5. New half storm sewer to Crystal Creek watershed					4	NA	Lake Diversion	Increased Flooding
<b>Area 5B</b>								
6. New culvert under Northside Drive					20	\$14,000		
6A. New Open Channel From Northside to Lake					20	\$70,000	Added Habitat	
6B. New culverts from Northside to Lake					20	\$180,000		
7. Regrade Northside Drive					20	\$550,000	Added Habitat	Better Traffic Control
8 or 7. Culvert from Woodlawn Wetland to Lake					20	\$22,000		
9. Add 1000' culverted lot	Not Effective							
9. Add storage at Cove Pond					20	\$5,000,000	Trails and Wetland Loss	
<b>Area 5C</b>								
10. Pipe out of storm sewer at 891' from to existing sewers					10	\$122,000		
11. Stormwater curbing at 891' from line to Lake					10	\$100,000		

Table 6 – Alternative Comparison – Area 2

Area 2	Problems Addressed				Lots Served	Cost	Ecological Effects	Other Impacts
	High Groundwater	Minor Drainage Deficiency	Major Drainage Deficiency	Floodplain/Floodway Reduction				
1. Replace existing Area 2 drainage					20	\$202,000		Must Eliminate Septics
2. New Fe d tile across south property line of Tripple					20	\$105,000		
3. Repair CLPD Lateral 1 and 2A (Fast Line)					20	\$14,000		
4. New drain and flow route from CLPD detention					20	\$65,000		



Table 7 Alternative Comparison – Area 3

Area 3	Problems Addressed				Less Served	Cost	Ecological Effects	Other Impacts
	High Groundwater	Major Drainage Efficiency	Major Drainage Efficiency	Floodplain/Floodway Reduction				
1. Construct low level lift station for Menasha Creek					2	\$ 2,400,000	None	None
2. Construct low level lift station for Menasha Creek					2	\$ 2,400,000	None	None
3. Construct low level lift station for Menasha Creek					2	\$ 2,400,000	None	None
4. Construct low level lift station for Menasha Creek					2	\$ 2,400,000	None	None

Table 9 Alternative Comparison – Lake Outlet and Crystal Creek

Area 3	Problems Addressed				Less Served	Cost	Ecological Effects	Other Impacts
	High Groundwater	Major Drainage Efficiency	Major Drainage Efficiency	Floodplain/Floodway Reduction				
1. Construct low level lift station for Lake Outlet					1	\$ 1,200,000	None	None
2. Construct low level lift station for Lake Outlet					1	\$ 1,200,000	None	None
3. Construct low level lift station for Lake Outlet					1	\$ 1,200,000	None	None
4. Construct low level lift station for Lake Outlet					1	\$ 1,200,000	None	None

Table 8 Alternative Comparison – Area 4

Area 4	Problems Addressed				Less Served	Cost	Ecological Effects	Other Impacts
	High Groundwater	Major Drainage Efficiency	Major Drainage Efficiency	Floodplain/Floodway Reduction				
1. Construct low level lift station for Area 4					1	\$ 1,200,000	None	None
2. Construct low level lift station for Area 4					1	\$ 1,200,000	None	None
3. Construct low level lift station for Area 4					1	\$ 1,200,000	None	None
4. Construct low level lift station for Area 4					1	\$ 1,200,000	None	None

Area 1	1	New Culverts Under North Shore Drive	\$94,000
		New Open Channel From North Shore to Lake	\$90,000
		New Culvert from Woodland Wetland to Lake	\$32,000
		Total	\$216,000
Area 1	1A	Re-route North Shore Drive	\$551,000
Area 4	2	Analyze Flooding Solutions Below Lake	\$35,000
Area 2	3	Replace Drainage along Greenfield and East End	\$263,000
		New Lippold Tile	\$104,000
		Divert CLPD Detention Outflow to Lippold Wetland	\$63,000
		Total	\$430,000
Area 1	4	Replace Field Tile for Hoyne	\$104,000
Area 1	5	Relief Sewer for Pine Street and Oriole Trail	\$132,000
		Add Pumping Station	\$30,000
		Total	\$162,000
Area 3	6	New Gravity Discharge from Snowberry to Lake	\$186,000
		or Pumping Station from Snowberry to Lake	\$191,000
Area 3	7	New Tile Drain to Kishwaukee from Floresta Lane	\$123,000

EDITED LIST OF SOLUTIONS FOR CITY TO CONSIDER

NOW WHAT?



REVIEW THE  
DATA FOR  
DATA-DRIVEN  
SOLUTIONS

**SUMMARY OF "DOG TAILS"**

THE MOST SEVERE AND CHRONIC HIGH RISK AREAS FOR  
FLOODING AREA UPSTREAM OF THE LAKE

AREAS FURTHER UPSTREAM MAY HOLD BEST POTENTIAL FOR  
IMPACT ON REDUCED FLOODING TO DOWNSTREAM URBAN  
AREAS

**OTHER FACTORS THAT IMPACT GROUNDWATER**  
**(ALTER THE SPONGE)**

COMPACTION OF SOILS  
CHRONIC FLOODING  
HYDRIC SOILS  
POOR DRAINING SOILS  
CHANGING ELEVATIONS  
FILLING DEPRESSIONS  
HOME GUTTER/SUMP DISCHARGE



**'NEW' HIGH GROUNDWATER IMPACT**

LESS STORAGE

LESS FILTRATION

MORE UNFILTERED RUNOFF DOWNSTREAM

WIDESPREAD FLOODING

STRUCTURE DAMAGE

TREE LOSS

## SUMMARY OF DRAIN TILES

DRAIN TILE SYSTEMS LOWER GROUNDWATER LEVELS

DRAIN TILE SYSTEMS CREATE A "SPONGE LAYER"

DRAIN TILE SYSTEMS REDUCE MANY OF THE IMPACTS FROM  
HIGH GROUNDWATER

LOSS OF DRAIN TILE SYSTEMS CREATE NEW OR RETURN OF  
PREVIOUS WETLANDS = LOSS OF SPONGE LAYER

## SUMMARY OF LAKE HISTORY

CRYSTAL LAKE IS A LOW SPOT IN A SUPERFICIAL AQUIFER  
MOSTLY TO THE NORTH

ELEVATIONS, SOIL TYPES, AND DRAINAGE FACTORS INFLUENCE  
WATER BEHAVIOR

MANAGEMENT OF STORMWATER IS CRITICAL TO LAKE HEALTH

## SUMMARY OF CLDD REVIEW

THE DRAINAGE DISTRICT BUILT IN 1917 WAS IN A CRITICAL LOCATION FOR WATER MOVEMENT CHANGE

THE DRAIN TILES FUNCTIONED TO CREATE A 1300 ACRE 'SPONGE' 4-5 FEET DEEP

THE AREA HAD A FLAT TERRAIN, VARYING DEPRESSIONS, HIGH GROUNDWATER RUNNING S/SE, AND POOR SOILS ON THE SURFACE

THE CLDD AS BUILT SENT TOO MUCH FERTILIZER TO THE LAKE



## SUMMARY OF RAIN DATA REVIEW

\*PRE-1965 MANY DROUGHTS

\*POST-1965 A SUSTAINED INCREASE IN ANNUAL RAIN AND  
RAIN EXTREMES

1965-1985 WORST 20 YEARS

UNTIL

2007-2017 WORST TEN YEARS IN RECORDED HISTORY

\*VARIOUS WATERSHED CHANGES

\*RESIDENT COMPLAINTS STARTED ~1990 AND CONTINUE TO  
TODAY

\*COVE POND FLOODING STARTED 1993

\*CITY WIDE FLOODING IN THE HIGH RISK AREAS IN 2007, 2013,  
2017

## WETLAND SUMMARY

WETLAND EVOLUTION WAS LARGELY UNCHANGED UNTIL 1992  
MAPS

SINCE THAT TIME THE EXPANSION HAS CONTINUED TO INCREASE  
THE INCREASE OF ACRES OF WETLAND NORTH OF LAKE IS  
ESTIMATED AT 7-10 FOLD INCREASE IN ACRES OF WETLAND

PARTIAL OVERALL SUMMARY

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NORTH OF LAKE

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LOSS OF CLDD IN SOME AREAS IN THE SOUTHERN PORTION  
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WETLAND EXPANSION STARTED 1992 AND IS NOW AT 7-10  
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**AERIAL MAPS SUMMARY**

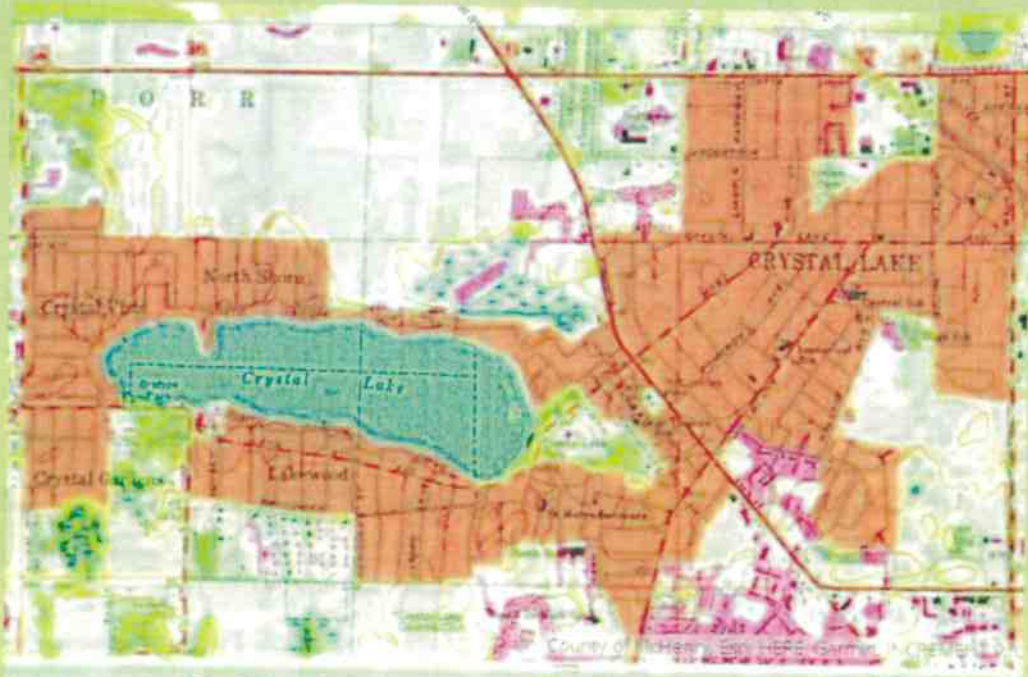
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IN LARGE AREAS UPSTREAM TO HIGH RISK AREAS

**MANY HEY ASSOC IDEAS FROM 2007 FLOOD INVOLVED  
LOWERING GROUNDWATER WITH FIELD TILES IN THE HIGH  
RISK AREAS**



1980 Wetlands (lime green) - largely unchanged since 1925

**BEFORE 1992**





SINCE 1992

## NEXT?

THE SEARCH FOR FEASIBLE DATA  
DRIVEN SOLUTIONS  
WITH THE GREATEST IMPACT ON  
AREAS UPSTREAM OF LAKE

SPECIAL THANKS TO MANY WHO ASSISTED  
IN THIS PRESENTATION

CLPD - ANN VIGER AND JASON HERBSTER  
CITY OF CRYSTAL LAKE – MIKE MAGNUSON  
CITY COUNCIL - HAIG HALEBLIAN

AND TO THE COUNTLESS RESIDENTS OF CRYSTAL LAKE WHO HAVE  
WRITTEN AND SPOKEN ABOUT THEIR FLOODING STORIES  
FOR OVER 30 YEARS

THOSE STORIES WERE THE INITIAL BASIS FOR ESTABLISHING A TIMELINE OF EVENTS THAT WITH  
FURTHER DATA RESEARCH CONFIRMS THOSE STORIES – AND THAT DATA WILL DRIVE THE MOST  
IMPACTFUL SOLUTIONS





# Lippold Park Then and Now

Gewalt Hamilton Associates, Inc

Bruce L. Shrake, P.E.

Thomas A. Rychlik, P.E.

Hey and Associates, Inc

Vince Mosca

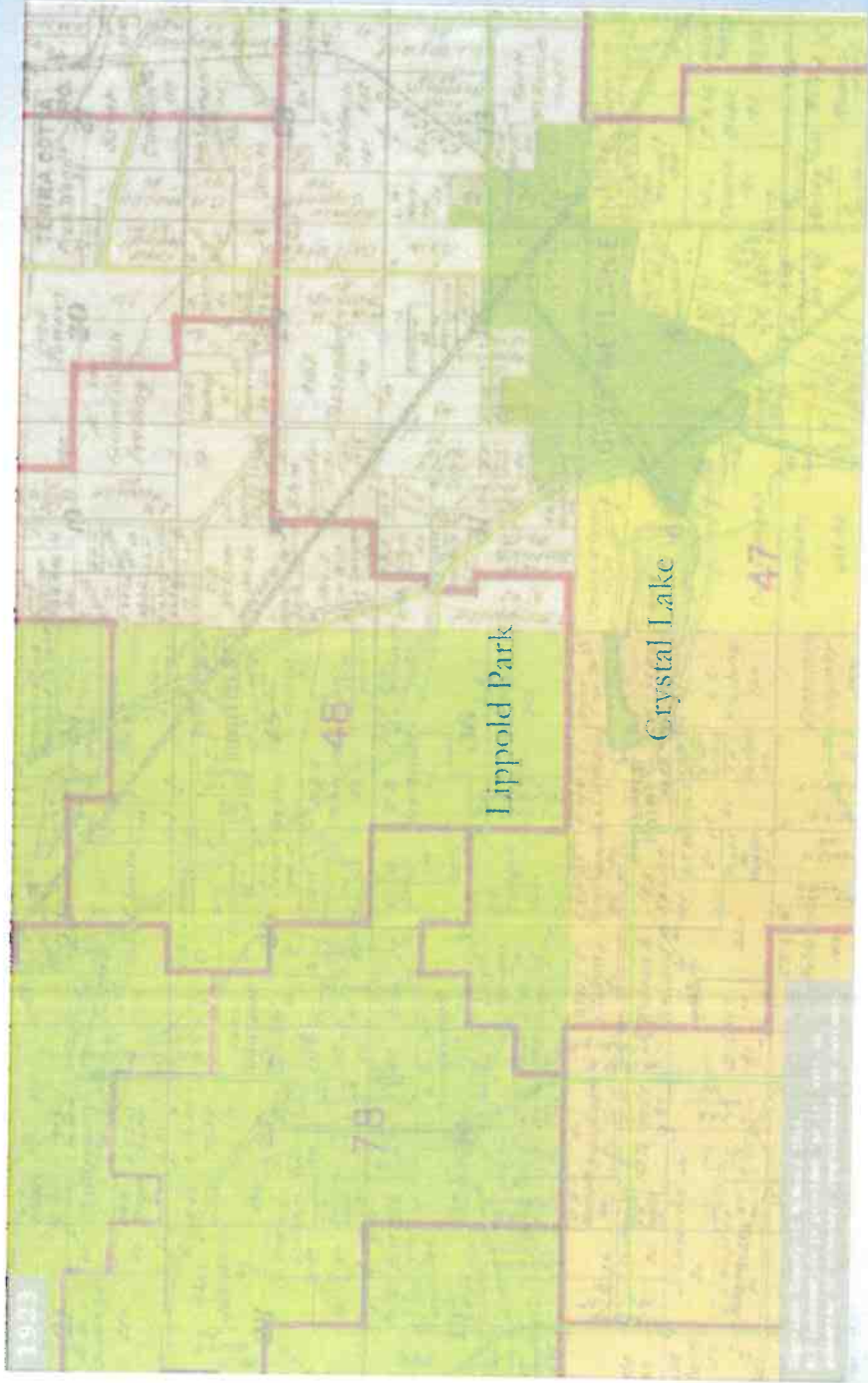
1914





1923

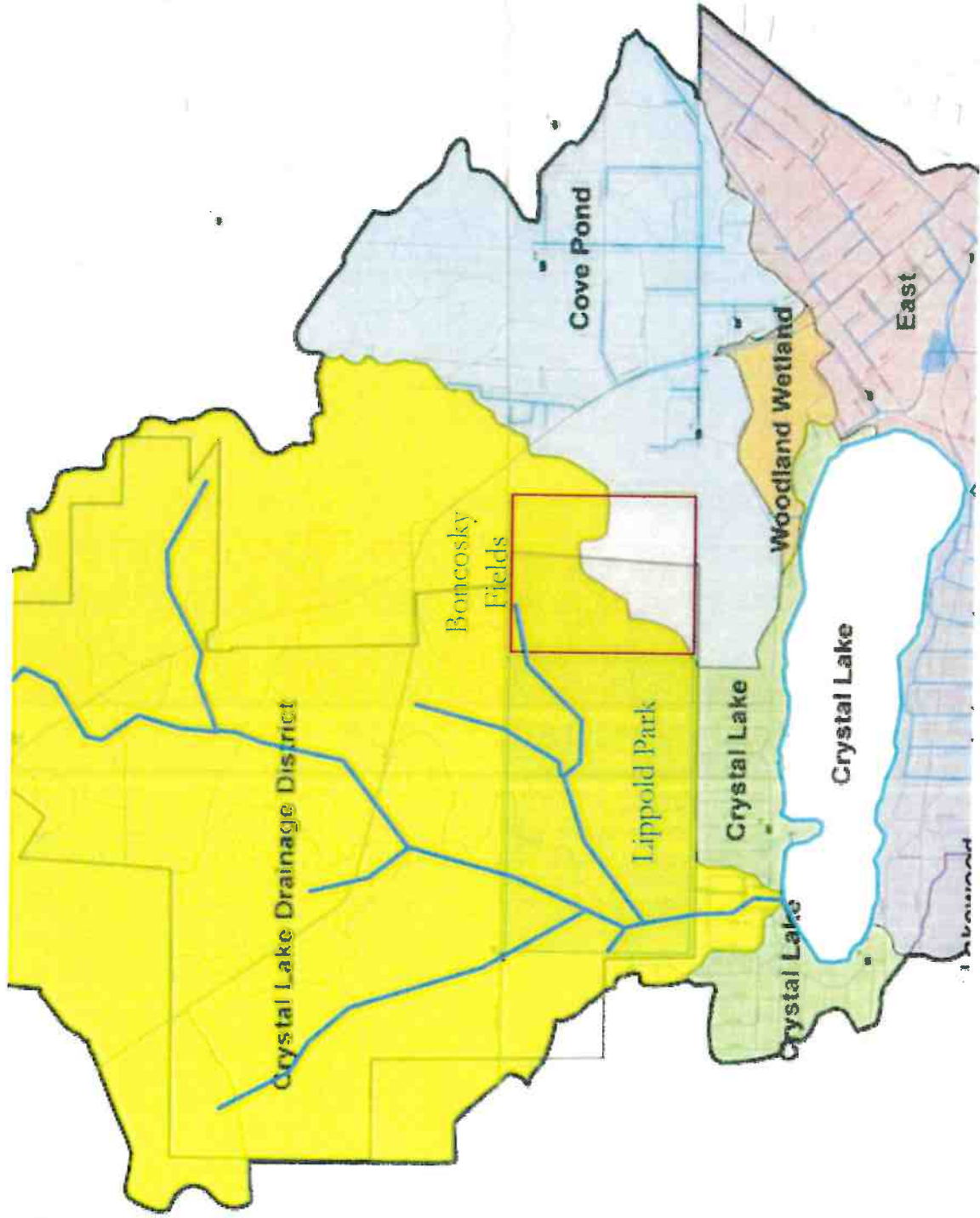
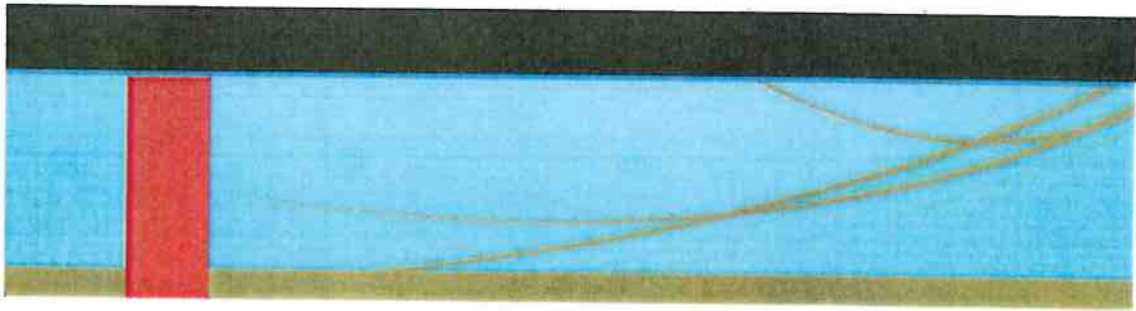
Roughly 1917 - Crystal Lake Drainage District constructed  
3 primary field tiles to promote farming.





1939





**Maynard Associates, Inc.**  
Water Resources, Assessment and Planning  
10000 Highway 100, Suite 100  
Crystal Lake, WI 53010  
Phone: 262.461.1000  
Fax: 262.461.1001  
www.maynardassoc.com

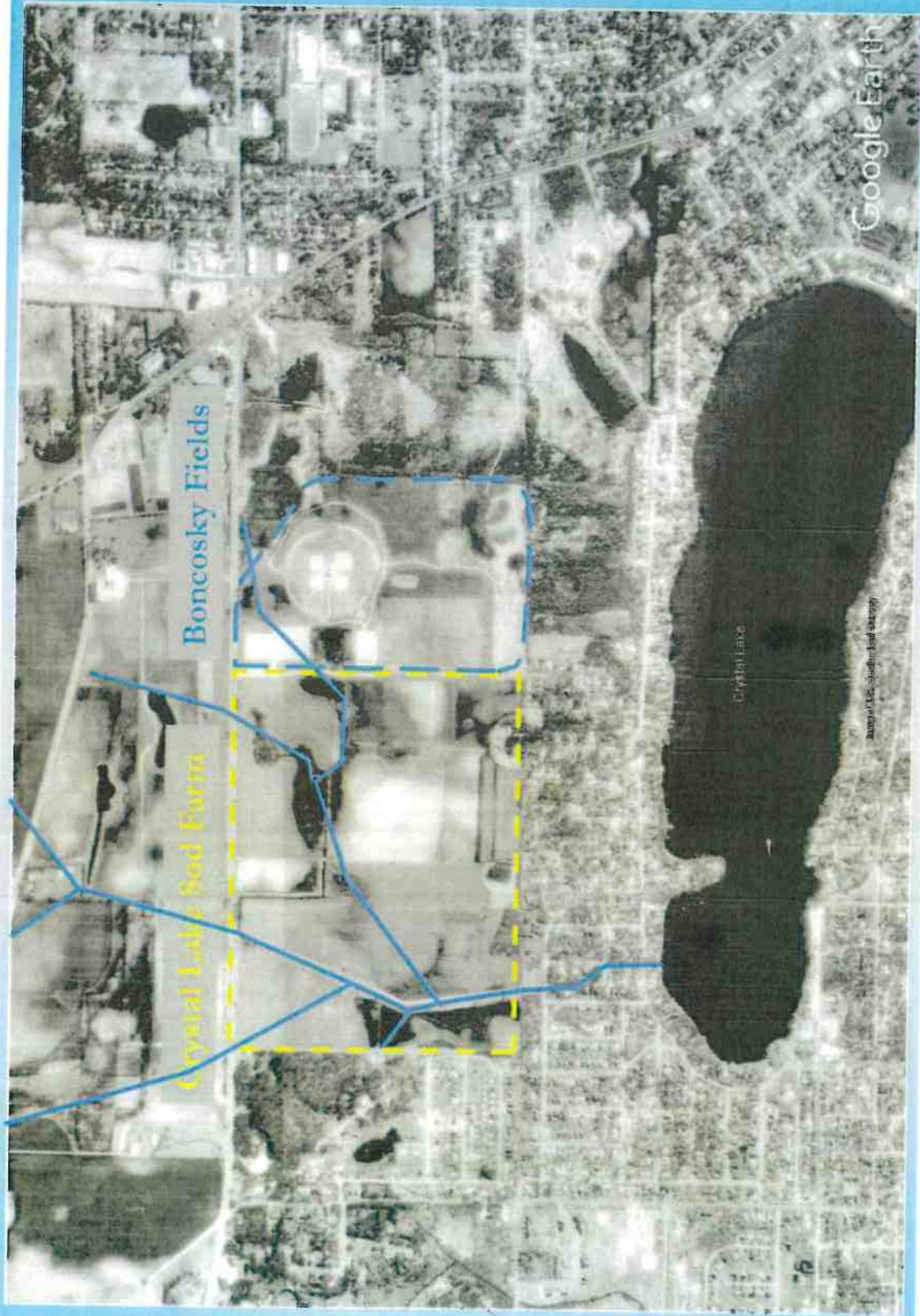
**EXHIBIT 3**  
Crystal Lake Watersheds  
Proposed Controls and Areas

**Legend**

- Crystal Lake Drainage District
- Boncosky Fields
- Lippold Park
- Crystal Lake
- Woodland Wetland
- Cove Pond
- East

Scale: 1" = 1000'

1988



Google Earth

Crystal Lake

Boncosky Fields

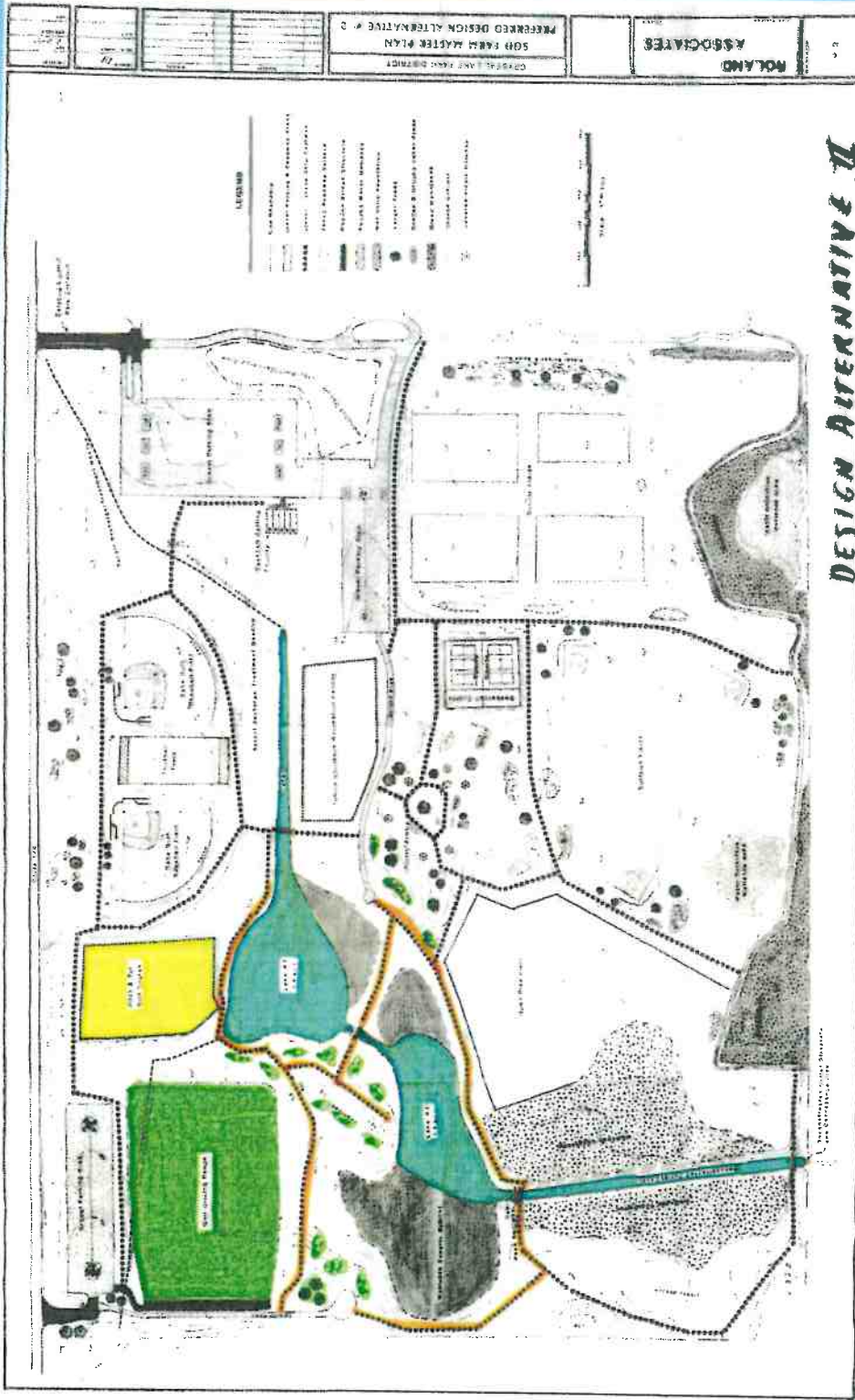
Crystal Lake Sand Farm

© 2008 Google



Boncosky

1990



DESIGN ALTERNATIVE II

1990

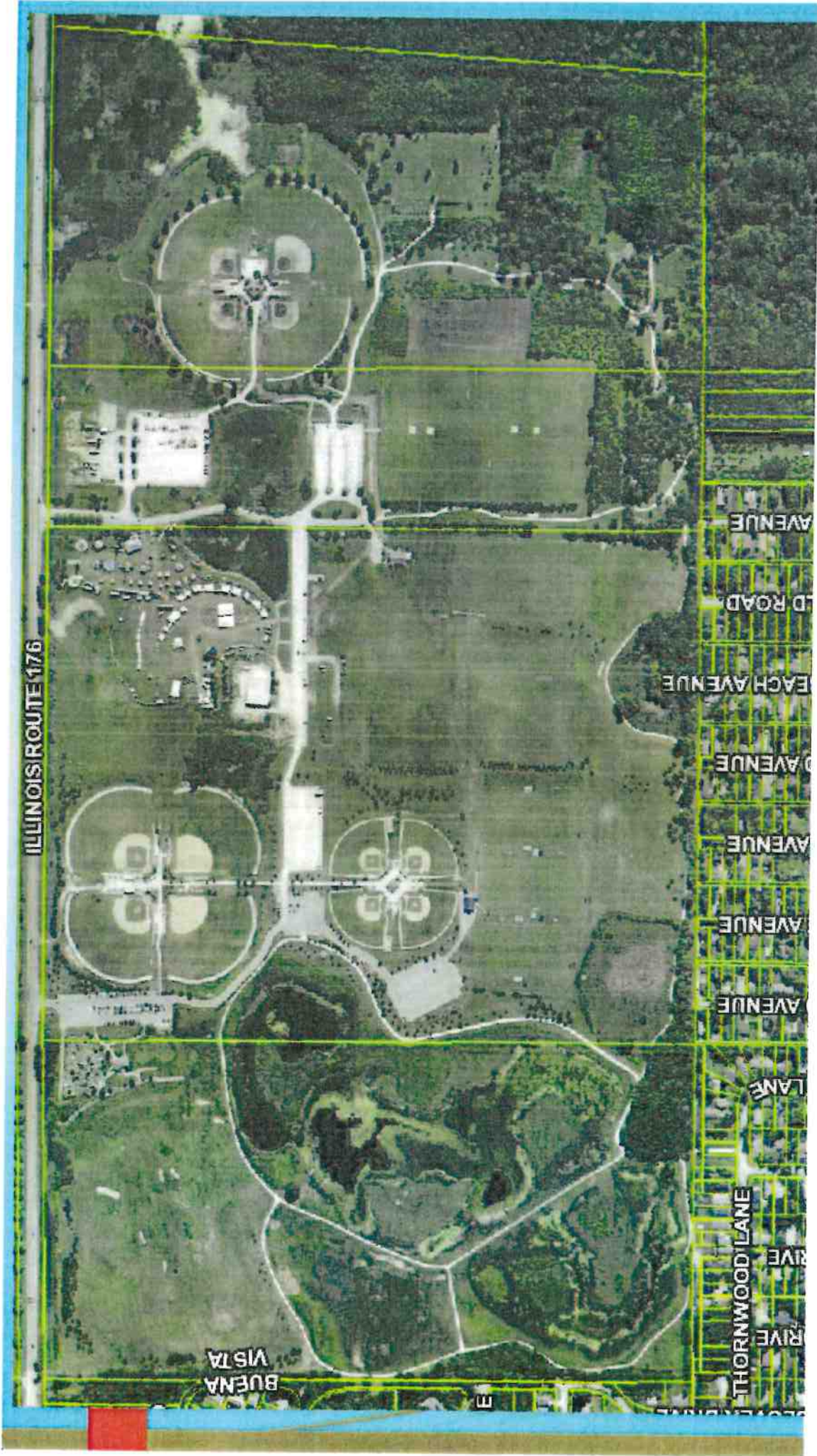
- 103 Houghton Muck
- 219 Lena Muck
- 219 Millbrook Silt Loam
- 343 Dresden Silt Loam to Loam
- 327 Fox Silt Loam to Loam
- 327 Will Silty Clay loam
- 342 Matherston Silt Loams to Loam
- 343 Kane Silt loam
- 347 Harper Silt Loam to Loam

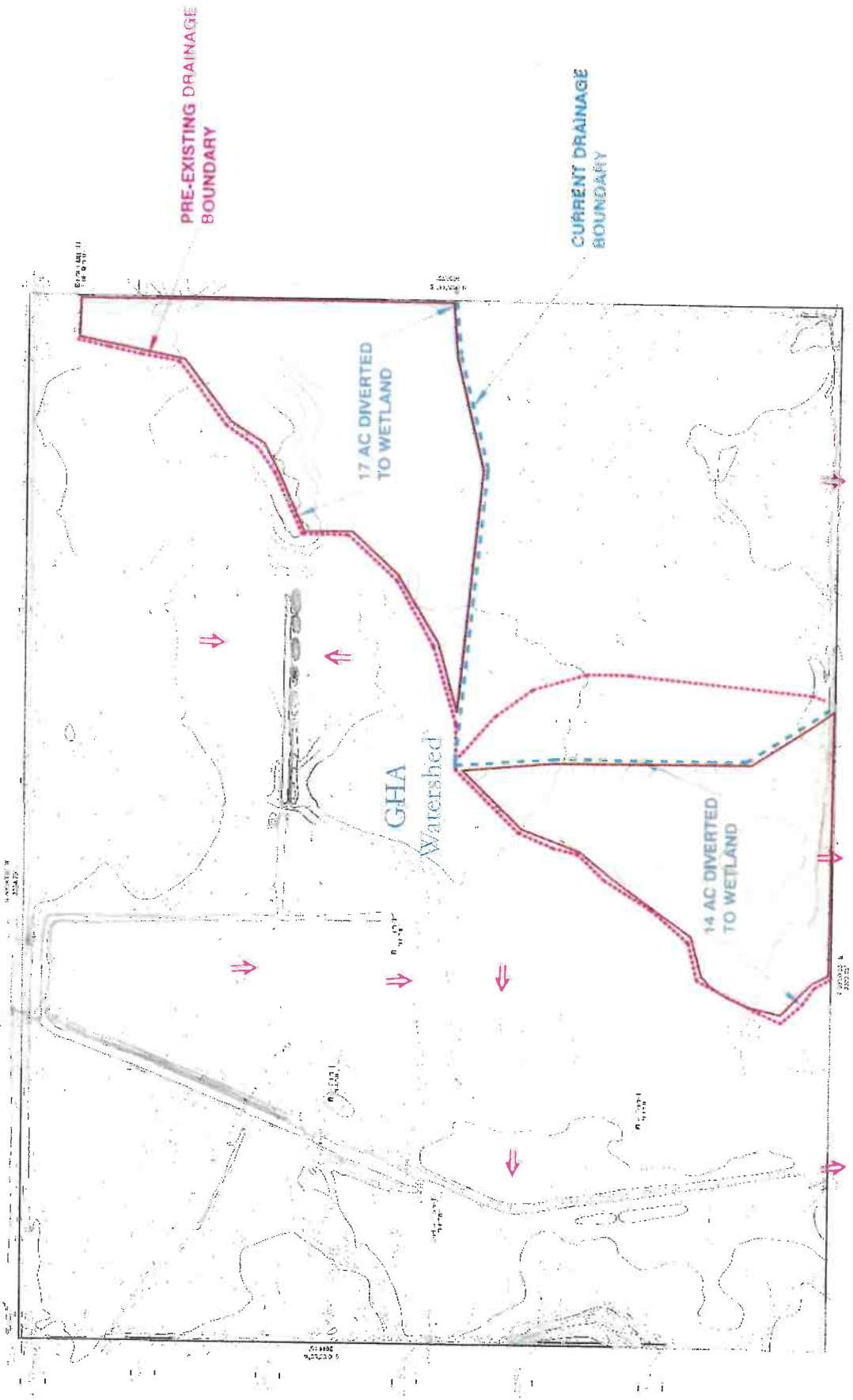
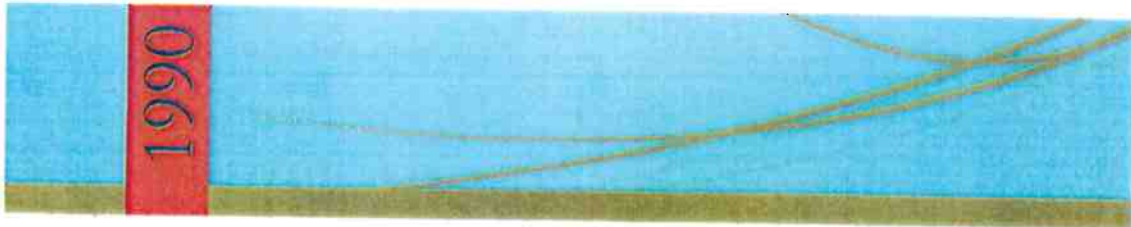




















CEWALT HAMILTON  
REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER



2008

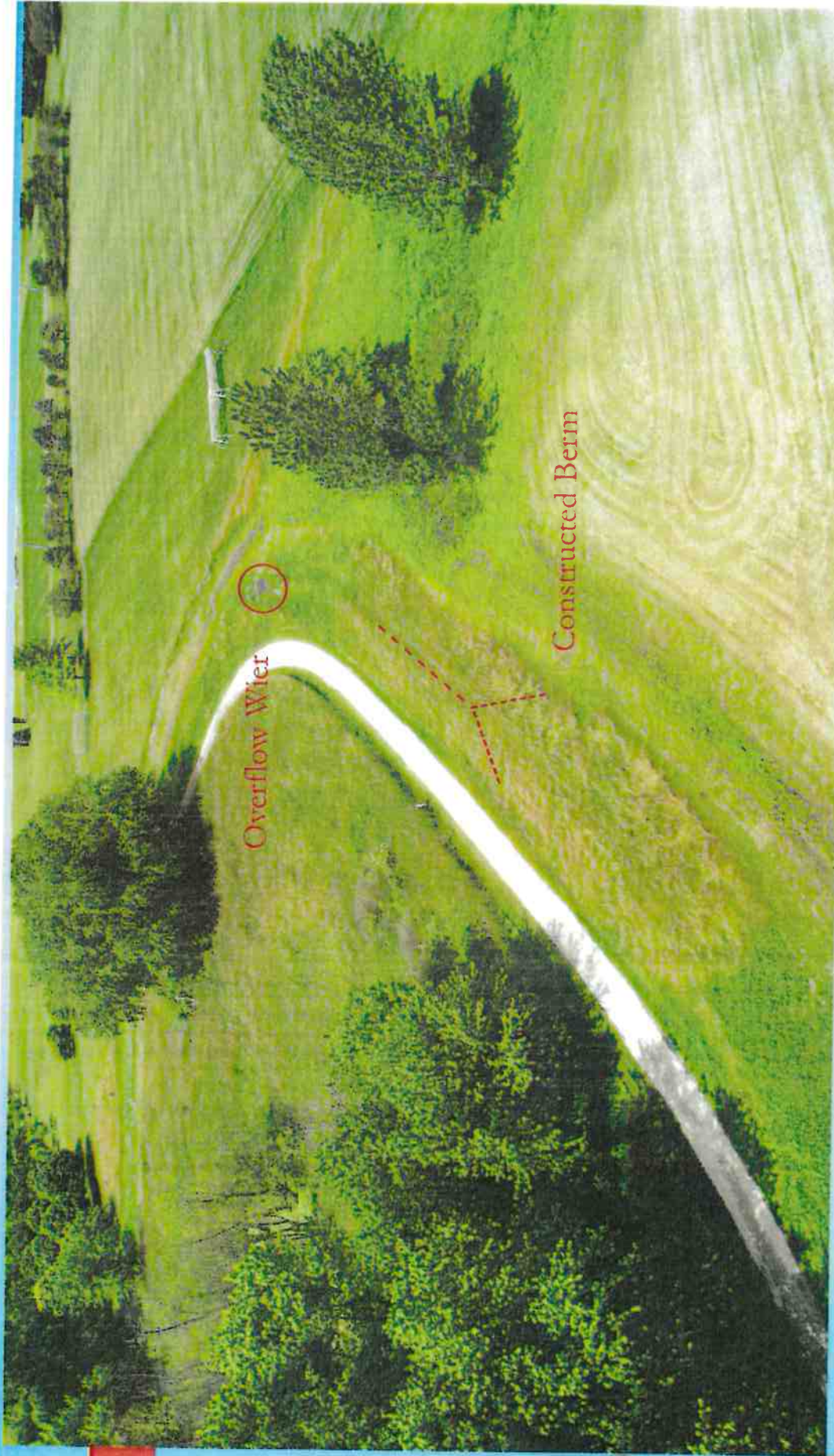








2019



Overflow Wier

Constructed Berm

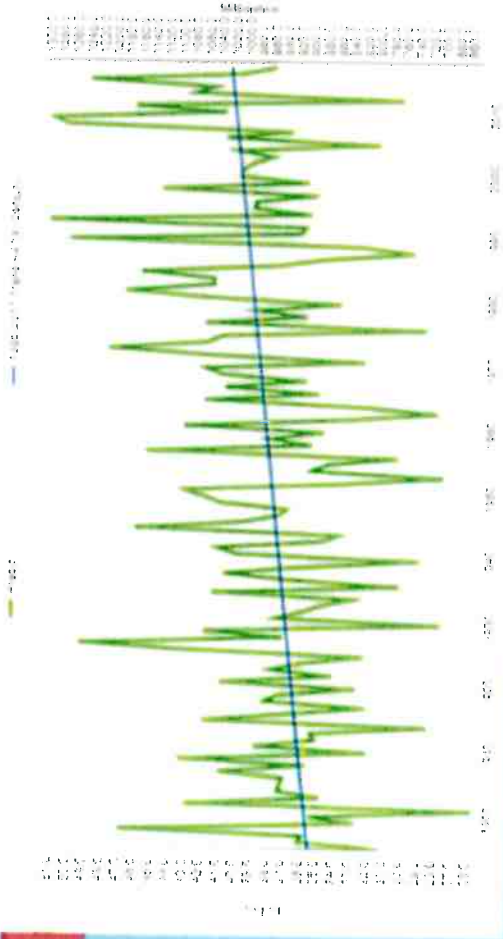


# Improvements for Water Quality Protection



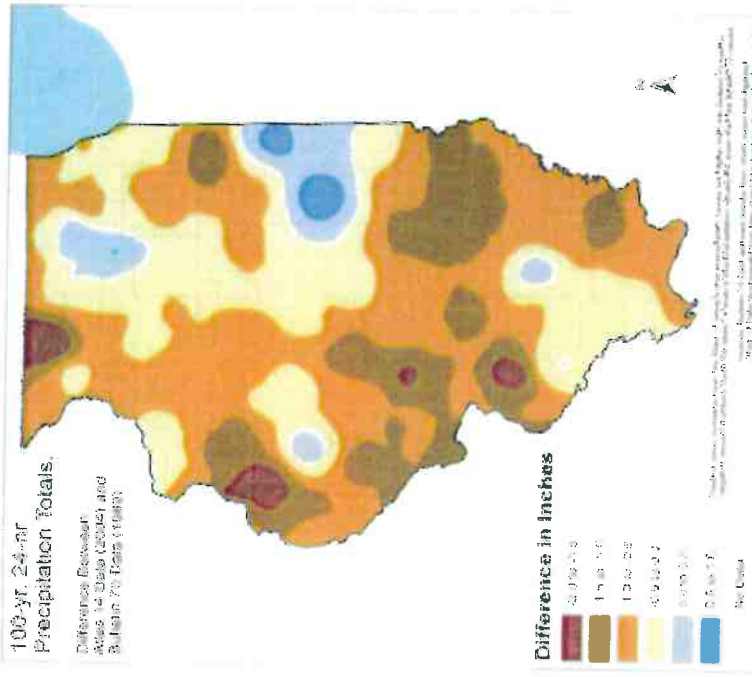
- Removed channelized sections of drainage ditch with multiple wetland complexes and trail network
- Eliminated “short circuiting” of runoff from north of 176 and sod farm
- Greatly reduced suspended muck soil particles from entering Crystal Lake proper
- Physical and biological treatment of non-point source pollution
- Work was not required by any regulatory agency

Illinois. Precipitation, January-December



100-yr. 24-hr. Precipitation Totals

Difference Between Area to Area (Color) and Bulletin Total (Point)



- Rainfall is “different” over the last few decades statewide
- Rainfall patterns have contributed to “nuisance” and major flooding frequencies



# Relationship between Cove Pond and Lake Elevation





# Questions





